# **Conflict Resolution Strategies for Business Managers**

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### Abstract:

Conflict is inevitable in any workplace, but how it is managed can significantly impact organizational effectiveness. This article explores various conflict resolution strategies tailored for business managers. Drawing from scholarly research and practical insights, it examines the importance of proactive conflict management, key strategies such as collaboration and compromise, and the role of effective communication in resolving conflicts. By implementing these strategies, business managers can foster a positive work environment, enhance team cohesion, and drive productivity.

**Keywords:** Conflict resolution, Business management, Communication, Collaboration, Compromise, Leadership.

# Introduction:

Conflict is an inherent aspect of organizational dynamics, stemming from differences in goals, perspectives, and personalities among employees. While conflict can disrupt workflow and strain relationships, it also presents an opportunity for growth and innovation when managed effectively. Business managers play a pivotal role in mediating conflicts and fostering constructive resolutions that benefit the organization as a whole. This article examines the importance of conflict resolution strategies tailored for business managers, highlighting their significance in promoting harmony, productivity, and long-term success.

#### **Definition of conflict in the workplace:**

In the workplace, conflict can be defined as a clash or disagreement between individuals or groups arising from differing perspectives, interests, or objectives. It encompasses a wide range of situations, from minor disagreements over daily tasks to more significant disputes regarding organizational goals or interpersonal relationships. Conflict in the workplace can manifest in various forms, including verbal arguments, passive-aggressive behavior, resistance to change, or even outright hostility. Regardless of its manifestation, conflict often stems from underlying tensions related to power dynamics, communication breakdowns, or divergent values among employees.

Understanding the nature of conflict in the workplace is essential for effectively managing and resolving disputes. It is crucial to recognize that not all conflict is inherently negative; in fact, healthy conflict can lead to increased creativity, innovation, and constructive problemsolving. However, when left unaddressed or mismanaged, conflict can escalate and have detrimental effects on employee morale, productivity, and organizational culture. Therefore, acknowledging and addressing conflict in a timely and constructive manner is paramount for maintaining a positive work environment and fostering healthy relationships among team members.

One common distinction in understanding workplace conflict is the differentiation between task-related conflict and relationship-related conflict. Task-related conflict typically arises

from differences in opinions or approaches to work tasks, projects, or objectives. While this type of conflict can be beneficial in stimulating critical thinking and generating new ideas, it can also impede progress if not managed effectively. On the other hand, relationship-related conflict stems from interpersonal tensions, personality clashes, or past grievances between individuals or groups. This type of conflict can undermine trust and collaboration among team members, leading to strained relationships and decreased team cohesion.

Additionally, workplace conflict can be classified as either functional or dysfunctional, depending on its impact on organizational performance and employee well-being. Functional conflict refers to disagreements that are constructive in nature, leading to positive outcomes such as improved decision-making, enhanced creativity, or increased team cohesion. In contrast, dysfunctional conflict is characterized by negative consequences, such as decreased productivity, heightened stress levels, or damaged relationships. Recognizing the difference between functional and dysfunctional conflict is essential for business managers in determining the appropriate strategies for resolution and intervention.

Overall, the definition of conflict in the workplace encompasses a broad spectrum of interactions and dynamics that affect organizational effectiveness and employee satisfaction. By understanding the various forms, causes, and consequences of conflict, managers can develop proactive strategies for managing and resolving disputes in a manner that promotes a positive work environment, fosters collaboration, and drives organizational success.

# Importance of effective conflict resolution for business managers:

Effective conflict resolution is paramount for business managers as it directly impacts the overall health and success of an organization. Conflict is an inevitable aspect of any workplace, arising from differences in goals, perspectives, and personalities among employees. However, when left unaddressed or poorly managed, conflict can escalate, leading to decreased productivity, increased turnover, and a toxic work environment. Business managers must recognize the importance of addressing conflict proactively to maintain a positive organizational culture and ensure the smooth functioning of teams.

One of the primary reasons for the importance of effective conflict resolution for business managers is its direct impact on employee morale and engagement. Unresolved conflicts can create tension and resentment among team members, leading to decreased motivation and job satisfaction. By promptly addressing conflicts and finding mutually acceptable solutions, managers can foster a supportive and inclusive work environment where employees feel valued and respected. This, in turn, enhances employee morale, strengthens team cohesion, and promotes a culture of collaboration and innovation.

Effective conflict resolution is essential for maintaining productivity and minimizing disruptions to workflow. When conflicts arise, they can divert employees' attention away from their tasks and goals, resulting in missed deadlines and decreased performance. Business managers who are skilled in conflict resolution can intervene promptly, helping to resolve issues efficiently and allowing teams to refocus on their objectives. By addressing conflicts in a timely manner, managers can prevent prolonged disruptions and ensure that business operations continue to run smoothly.

Additionally, effective conflict resolution contributes to the overall success and competitiveness of an organization. In today's fast-paced business environment, organizations

must be agile and adaptable to stay ahead of the competition. By fostering a culture where conflicts are addressed openly and constructively, managers can encourage innovation, creativity, and continuous improvement. Teams that feel comfortable discussing and resolving conflicts are more likely to collaborate effectively, generate new ideas, and adapt to changing market conditions, giving their organization a competitive edge.

Finally, effective conflict resolution is essential for building and maintaining strong relationships both within and outside the organization. Business managers often interact with various stakeholders, including employees, clients, suppliers, and partners. Conflicts can arise in any of these relationships, potentially damaging trust and undermining cooperation. By demonstrating strong conflict resolution skills, managers can build trust, strengthen relationships, and enhance the organization's reputation as a reliable and trustworthy partner in the marketplace. This, in turn, can lead to increased loyalty from customers, improved supplier relationships, and greater support from other stakeholders, ultimately contributing to the organization's long-term success.

# **Understanding Conflict:**

Understanding conflict is crucial for effective conflict resolution in any organizational setting. Conflict arises from various sources, including differences in values, goals, personalities, and perceptions among individuals or groups within the organization. By recognizing the multifaceted nature of conflict, managers can better navigate and address its underlying causes. Moreover, understanding the different types of conflict, such as task-related, relationship-based, or process conflicts, enables managers to tailor their approach to resolution accordingly.

One key aspect of understanding conflict is recognizing its potential benefits. While conflict is often viewed negatively, it can also serve as a catalyst for positive change and growth within an organization. When managed constructively, conflict can stimulate creativity, innovation, and problem-solving, leading to improved decision-making processes and organizational outcomes. By reframing conflict as an opportunity for learning and development, managers can encourage a more proactive approach to conflict resolution among their teams.

Additionally, understanding the root causes of conflict is essential for implementing effective resolution strategies. Whether conflicts arise from differences in communication styles, competing priorities, or resource allocation, managers must delve deeper to identify the underlying issues driving the discord. By addressing these root causes directly, managers can prevent recurring conflicts and foster a more harmonious work environment. This requires active listening, empathy, and a willingness to explore alternative perspectives to achieve mutual understanding.

Cultural and diversity considerations play a significant role in understanding conflict within global organizations. Cultural differences in communication norms, decision-making processes, and conflict resolution styles can influence the way conflicts manifest and are managed within diverse teams. Managers must be culturally sensitive and adaptable in their approach to conflict resolution, recognizing and respecting the unique perspectives and values of individuals from different backgrounds.

Nnderstanding conflict is a fundamental aspect of effective leadership and organizational management. By acknowledging the various sources and types of conflict, recognizing its potential benefits, addressing root causes, and considering cultural diversity, managers can navigate conflicts more adeptly and promote a culture of constructive resolution within their teams. Ultimately, by embracing conflict as a natural and inevitable aspect of organizational dynamics, managers can leverage it as an opportunity for growth, innovation, and continuous improvement.

#### Types of conflicts in business settings:

In the dynamic landscape of business, conflicts are a common occurrence, often stemming from a variety of sources. Understanding the different types of conflicts that arise in business settings is crucial for managers to effectively address and resolve them. One prevalent type of conflict is interpersonal conflict, which arises between individuals due to differences in personalities, communication styles, or personal values. These conflicts may manifest as disagreements, misunderstandings, or clashes of egos, ultimately hindering collaboration and teamwork within the organization.

Another significant type of conflict in business settings is task-related conflict, which emerges from differences in opinions, goals, or approaches toward work tasks or projects. Task-related conflicts often arise when team members have divergent ideas about how to achieve objectives, allocate resources, or prioritize tasks. While some level of task-related conflict can be productive, stimulating innovation and critical thinking, excessive conflict can impede progress and diminish team cohesion.

Organizational conflict represents conflicts that arise between different departments, teams, or hierarchical levels within the organization. These conflicts may stem from competing interests, goals, or priorities among various organizational units. Organizational conflict can result in turf wars, power struggles, or resistance to change initiatives, undermining the organization's overall efficiency and effectiveness. Effective management of organizational conflict requires clear communication, alignment of goals, and collaboration across departments.

Another type of conflict prevalent in business settings is role conflict, which occurs when individuals experience competing demands or expectations associated with their roles within the organization. Role conflict may arise from discrepancies between job descriptions, conflicting directives from supervisors, or unclear expectations regarding responsibilities and performance. Role conflict can lead to stress, confusion, and decreased job satisfaction among employees, affecting their productivity and morale.

Lastly, environmental conflict refers to conflicts that arise from external factors beyond the organization's control, such as economic fluctuations, regulatory changes, or market competition. These conflicts may pose challenges to the organization's operations, strategic decisions, or financial performance. Managing environmental conflicts requires adaptability, strategic foresight, and proactive risk management to mitigate potential disruptions and capitalize on emerging opportunities in the business environment. Understanding these various types of conflicts equips managers with the insight and tools needed to navigate complex interpersonal dynamics and promote a harmonious and productive work environment within their organizations.

### Common causes of conflict among employees:

Conflicts among employees are not uncommon in the workplace, often arising from a variety of factors. Firstly, differences in personalities and communication styles can lead to misunderstandings and tensions. Each individual brings their unique background, experiences, and perspectives to the workplace, and when these clash, conflicts can arise. For example, introverted employees may prefer to work independently, while extroverted colleagues thrive in team environments. These differences can create friction if not managed effectively, especially when team members must collaborate closely on projects.

Secondly, competition for resources or recognition can fuel conflicts among employees. In environments where promotions, bonuses, or project assignments are at stake, individuals may feel pressure to outperform their peers. This can lead to resentment, envy, and even sabotage as employees vie for limited opportunities. Additionally, disparities in workload distribution or perceived favoritism from management can exacerbate these tensions, creating a breeding ground for conflicts.

Thirdly, ambiguity in roles and responsibilities can contribute to conflicts among employees. When expectations are unclear or constantly changing, it can lead to confusion, frustration, and conflicts over who should be doing what. This is particularly common in dynamic work environments where job roles are fluid or team structures are evolving. Without clear guidelines and communication channels in place, employees may inadvertently step on each other's toes or feel unsupported, leading to interpersonal conflicts.

Fourthly, organizational changes such as restructuring, mergers, or layoffs can trigger conflicts among employees. These changes often disrupt established routines, hierarchies, and interpersonal relationships, causing uncertainty and anxiety. Employees may resist change, fear job insecurity, or feel resentful towards management decisions, leading to heightened tensions and conflicts in the workplace. Effective communication and change management strategies are crucial for mitigating these conflicts and fostering a sense of stability and trust among employees.

Finally, unresolved conflicts from outside the workplace, such as personal issues or cultural differences, can spill over into professional settings and impact employee relationships. Stressors from home life, health concerns, or financial worries can affect individuals' behavior and attitudes at work, leading to conflicts with colleagues. Similarly, cultural differences in values, communication norms, or work styles can create misunderstandings and clashes if not addressed proactively. Employers must recognize the holistic nature of their employees' lives and provide support systems to help them navigate personal challenges and maintain positive working relationships.

# **Conflict Resolution Strategies:**

Conflict resolution strategies are essential tools for navigating interpersonal disputes and restoring harmony in various contexts, including the workplace, relationships, and community settings. These strategies aim to address conflicts constructively, fostering understanding, collaboration, and mutual respect among conflicting parties. One common approach to conflict resolution is collaboration, which emphasizes teamwork and joint problem-solving to achieve mutually beneficial outcomes. Collaboration encourages

individuals to communicate openly, share perspectives, and work together toward finding creative solutions that address the underlying issues causing the conflict.

Another effective strategy for conflict resolution is compromise, which involves finding middle ground and making concessions to accommodate the interests of all parties involved. Compromise requires flexibility and a willingness to prioritize collective goals over individual preferences, fostering a spirit of cooperation and goodwill. By seeking common ground and making trade-offs, conflicting parties can reach agreements that satisfy everyone to some extent, facilitating resolution and preventing further escalation of the conflict.

Communication plays a pivotal role in conflict resolution, serving as a vehicle for expressing concerns, clarifying misunderstandings, and facilitating productive dialogue. Active listening, empathy, and non-defensive communication techniques are key components of effective communication in conflict resolution. By fostering open and honest communication channels, conflicting parties can gain a better understanding of each other's perspectives, identify common interests, and work toward finding mutually acceptable solutions.

Mediation is another valuable conflict resolution strategy that involves a neutral third party facilitating discussions and negotiations between conflicting parties. Mediators help manage emotions, clarify issues, and guide the conflict resolution process toward a mutually agreeable outcome. By providing a supportive and impartial environment for dialogue, mediation can help conflicting parties explore options, generate creative solutions, and reach settlements that address their needs and interests.

Assertiveness is also an important skill in conflict resolution, enabling individuals to express their needs, boundaries, and concerns in a clear and respectful manner. Assertive communication promotes self-confidence, empowerment, and effective problem-solving, helping individuals assert themselves without resorting to aggression or passivity. By advocating for their interests assertively, individuals can assert their rights, uphold their values, and contribute to constructive conflict resolution processes that promote understanding and cooperation among conflicting parties.

# **Collaboration: Fostering win-win solutions through teamwork:**

Collaboration is more than just a buzzword in modern business environments; it's a fundamental strategy for fostering win-win solutions through teamwork. At its core, collaboration involves individuals or teams working together toward a common goal, leveraging each other's strengths, perspectives, and expertise to achieve optimal outcomes. By embracing collaboration, organizations can break down silos, promote cross-functional synergy, and unlock innovative solutions to complex challenges.

One of the key benefits of collaboration is its ability to generate win-win solutions. Unlike traditional top-down approaches, collaboration encourages inclusive decision-making processes where all stakeholders have a voice. By involving diverse perspectives and insights, teams can explore a wider range of options and identify solutions that satisfy the needs and interests of all parties involved. This not only leads to more creative and sustainable outcomes but also fosters a sense of ownership and buy-in among team members, enhancing overall engagement and commitment to the shared objectives.

Collaboration enables organizations to leverage the collective intelligence of their workforce. In today's fast-paced and interconnected world, no single individual possesses all the

knowledge or skills required to address complex challenges effectively. By pooling resources and expertise through collaborative efforts, teams can tap into a wealth of collective wisdom, problem-solving capabilities, and innovative ideas. This not only enhances the quality of decision-making but also accelerates the pace of innovation, enabling organizations to stay ahead of the curve in an increasingly competitive landscape.

Collaboration promotes a culture of trust, transparency, and mutual respect within organizations. When team members feel empowered to share their ideas, opinions, and concerns openly, it fosters a sense of psychological safety and belonging. This, in turn, cultivates stronger relationships, enhances communication channels, and reduces the likelihood of conflicts or misunderstandings. By fostering a collaborative culture, organizations can create a supportive work environment where individuals feel valued, motivated, and inspired to contribute their best efforts toward common goals.

Collaboration is a powerful strategy for fostering win-win solutions through teamwork. By harnessing the collective wisdom, creativity, and expertise of diverse individuals, organizations can unlock innovative solutions, drive sustainable growth, and cultivate a culture of trust and collaboration. In today's dynamic business landscape, collaboration isn't just a nice-to-have; it's a strategic imperative for organizations seeking to thrive in an increasingly interconnected and competitive world.

# Compromise: Finding middle ground to accommodate conflicting interests:

Compromise stands as a cornerstone of effective conflict resolution, embodying the art of finding middle ground amidst divergent interests. In the complex landscape of business management, where competing priorities and perspectives often collide, the ability to negotiate and reach compromises is paramount. Rather than viewing compromise as a concession of one's position, it should be seen as a strategic maneuver aimed at achieving mutually beneficial outcomes. By embracing compromise, business managers can navigate contentious situations with agility and foster harmonious relationships within their teams.

At its core, compromise involves a willingness to set aside rigid stances and explore alternative solutions that address the needs of all parties involved. It requires a spirit of openness, empathy, and flexibility, as well as a focus on the broader organizational objectives rather than individual agendas. Compromise acknowledges the inherent diversity of perspectives within a team and seeks to leverage this diversity as a source of strength rather than contention. By encouraging dialogue and collaboration, business managers can create an environment where compromise becomes a natural part of problem-solving processes.

Compromise facilitates the preservation of relationships and the maintenance of trust among team members. In situations of conflict, rigid adherence to one's own interests can lead to resentment and erosion of teamwork. However, by demonstrating a willingness to listen, understand, and accommodate the perspectives of others, business managers can strengthen bonds and build a culture of mutual respect. Compromise fosters a sense of inclusivity and belonging within the team, reinforcing the notion that every member's voice is valued and considered in decision-making processes.

Nevertheless, effective compromise requires careful consideration of trade-offs and a commitment to upholding core organizational values and objectives. While seeking middle ground, business managers must ensure that compromises do not compromise the integrity or

long-term viability of the business. This necessitates a balance between flexibility and steadfastness, wherein compromises are made without sacrificing fundamental principles or sacrificing the organization's competitive advantage. Through strategic compromise, business managers can achieve harmony without compromising the organization's mission or vision.

Compromise is a vital tool in the toolkit of business managers, enabling them to navigate complex conflicts and steer their teams towards common goals. By embracing compromise as a collaborative endeavor rather than a sign of weakness, managers can foster trust, preserve relationships, and uphold organizational values. In a world where conflicts are inevitable, compromise serves as a beacon of hope, guiding teams towards solutions that transcend individual interests and pave the way for collective success.

### Communication: Open dialogue and active listening to resolve misunderstandings:

Effective communication is the cornerstone of successful conflict resolution in any setting, including the workplace. Open dialogue and active listening are fundamental components of this process, enabling individuals to address misunderstandings and find mutually acceptable solutions. Open dialogue encourages transparency and honesty, creating an environment where employees feel comfortable expressing their thoughts and concerns. When individuals are encouraged to communicate openly, it fosters trust and builds stronger relationships among team members. In the context of conflict resolution, open dialogue allows conflicting parties to voice their perspectives, facilitating a deeper understanding of the underlying issues at hand.

Active listening plays a crucial role in resolving misunderstandings by ensuring that all parties feel heard and understood. Rather than simply waiting for their turn to speak, active listeners focus on comprehending the speaker's message, both verbally and non-verbally. This involves maintaining eye contact, nodding in acknowledgment, and paraphrasing to confirm understanding. Active listening not only demonstrates respect for the speaker but also helps clarify any misinterpretations or assumptions. By actively engaging in the listening process, individuals can uncover the root causes of misunderstandings and work towards finding common ground.

In addition to promoting open dialogue and active listening, effective communication in conflict resolution requires empathy and emotional intelligence. Empathy enables individuals to put themselves in the shoes of others, gaining insight into their perspectives and emotions. By acknowledging and validating the feelings of all parties involved, managers can create a supportive environment conducive to resolving conflicts constructively. Emotional intelligence allows individuals to regulate their own emotions and respond empathetically to others, even in tense situations. This helps prevent conflicts from escalating and encourages collaborative problem-solving.

Clear and concise communication is essential for ensuring that messages are understood accurately and completely. Misunderstandings often arise due to ambiguous or incomplete communication, leading to confusion and frustration among employees. Business managers should strive to articulate their thoughts and expectations clearly, using language that is accessible to all team members. This may involve providing context, asking clarifying questions, and confirming understanding to avoid miscommunication. By practicing clear communication, managers can minimize the likelihood of misunderstandings and promote a more harmonious work environment.

Communication is a powerful tool for resolving misunderstandings and fostering productive relationships in the workplace. Open dialogue encourages transparency, while active listening promotes understanding and empathy. By incorporating these principles into conflict resolution processes, business managers can create an environment where conflicts are addressed constructively, leading to improved collaboration, morale, and overall organizational success.

# Mediation: Facilitating discussions and negotiations between conflicting parties:

Mediation serves as a vital tool in resolving conflicts by providing a structured and impartial forum for parties to engage in constructive dialogue and negotiation. Facilitated by a neutral third party, known as the mediator, this process aims to help conflicting parties identify their interests, express their concerns, and collaboratively generate solutions that address the underlying issues. By fostering open communication and mutual understanding, mediation offers a pathway to reach mutually acceptable agreements while preserving relationships and minimizing the escalation of conflicts.

One of the key advantages of mediation is its ability to promote active participation and empowerment among conflicting parties. Unlike adversarial approaches such as litigation, where decisions are imposed by a judge or arbitrator, mediation empowers parties to take ownership of the resolution process and craft solutions that align with their unique needs and interests. This participatory nature fosters a sense of control and ownership over the outcome, enhancing the likelihood of compliance and long-term satisfaction with the resolution.

Mediation offers a confidential and non-confrontational environment conducive to exploring creative and flexible solutions. By encouraging parties to brainstorm and explore various options collaboratively, mediators facilitate the development of win-win outcomes that address the interests of all stakeholders. This emphasis on mutual gain distinguishes mediation from zero-sum approaches where one party's gain is perceived as another's loss, fostering a more constructive and cooperative atmosphere for resolving conflicts.

Mediation can often be more cost-effective and time-efficient compared to traditional litigation or arbitration processes. By avoiding lengthy court proceedings and legal fees, parties can save both time and resources, making mediation an attractive option for resolving disputes, particularly in business settings where efficiency and cost-effectiveness are paramount. Additionally, the voluntary nature of mediation allows parties to explore alternative dispute resolution methods without the constraints and formalities of legal proceedings.

Mediation serves as a valuable alternative to adversarial conflict resolution methods by offering a collaborative, flexible, and cost-effective approach to resolving disputes. By facilitating open communication, empowering parties, and fostering creative problem-solving, mediators help conflicting parties navigate complex issues and reach mutually acceptable agreements. As businesses and individuals increasingly recognize the benefits of mediation in preserving relationships and achieving durable resolutions, its role in resolving conflicts continues to grow in prominence.

#### Assertiveness: Asserting boundaries and addressing conflict directly:

Assertiveness is a critical interpersonal skill that empowers individuals to express their thoughts, feelings, and needs in a direct and respectful manner. At its core, assertiveness

involves the ability to advocate for oneself while also considering the rights and perspectives of others. In the context of addressing conflict, assertiveness plays a pivotal role in setting clear boundaries, communicating expectations, and resolving issues in a constructive manner. Rather than resorting to passive or aggressive behaviors, assertive individuals assert their concerns firmly yet diplomatically, promoting mutual understanding and collaboration.

One key aspect of assertiveness in conflict resolution is the ability to establish and maintain boundaries. By clearly defining personal boundaries and communicating them effectively, individuals can prevent misunderstandings and minimize conflict. Assertive communication allows individuals to express their limits, preferences, and expectations without fear of reprisal or resentment. This clarity fosters mutual respect and enables both parties to navigate disagreements with greater confidence and sensitivity.

Assertiveness facilitates the direct and timely addressing of conflicts as they arise. Rather than avoiding or delaying difficult conversations, assertive individuals confront issues headon, seeking resolution proactively. By addressing concerns promptly and openly, they prevent conflicts from escalating and mitigate potential negative consequences. This proactive approach demonstrates leadership and promotes a culture of transparency and accountability within the organization.

In addition to asserting boundaries and addressing conflict directly, assertive communication also involves active listening and empathy. Assertive individuals strive to understand the perspectives and needs of others while also advocating for their own interests. By listening attentively and acknowledging the viewpoints of all parties involved, they foster empathy and promote constructive dialogue. This collaborative approach encourages mutual problemsolving and facilitates the development of mutually beneficial solutions.

Overall, assertiveness is a valuable skill for navigating conflicts effectively and fostering healthy relationships in the workplace. By asserting boundaries, addressing conflict directly, and practicing active listening, individuals can promote open communication, mutual respect, and cooperation. Through assertive communication, conflicts can be resolved more efficiently, enabling teams to focus on achieving common goals and driving organizational success.

#### **Summary:**

Conflict resolution is a critical skill for business managers, as it directly impacts organizational culture, employee morale, and productivity. By understanding the various types and causes of conflicts in the workplace, managers can employ effective strategies such as collaboration, compromise, and communication to address issues constructively. Through proactive conflict management, managers can foster a positive work environment, build stronger relationships among team members, and drive overall organizational success.

Vol. 1 No. 02 (2023)

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